

Instruction for Use

021578/07/11

Baro Transmitter

3.1157.10.xxx



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Safety Instructions, Environment, Documentation

Operating Instructions

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- We can accept no liability whatsoever for any losses arising from the information contained in this document.
- Subject to modification in terms of content.
- The device should not be passed on without the / these operating instructions.

Safety Instructions

- Read through the operating instructions before using the device for the first time.
- The device may only be fitted and connected by a qualified technician who is familar with and observes the engineering regulations, provisions and standards applicable in each case.
- The device may only be fitted and connected when de-energised.
- Adolf Thies GmbH & Co KG guarantees proper functioning of the device provided that no modifications have been made to the mechanics, electronics or software and that the following points are observed.
- All information, warnings and instructions for use included in these operating instructions must be taken into
 account and observed as this is essential to ensure troublefree operation and a safe condition of the measuring
 system.
- The device is only designed for a specific application as described in these operating instructions.
- They device should only be operated with the accessories and consumables supplied and/or recommended by Adolf Thies GmbH & Co KG.
- Repairs may only be carried out by trained staff or Adolf Thies GmbH & Co KG. Only components and spare
 parts supplied and/or recommended by Adolf Thies GmbH & Co KG should be used for repairs.
- Opening the device may expose live parts possibly posing a lethal hazard if touched. It should only be opened
 for the purpose of repair by trained staff.
- When using the device, it must be ensured that it is not subjected to a service condition which might bring about damage to objects or present a risk to persons.
- All users must be constantly instructed about handling and safety of the device.
- Adjustment and maintenance performed while the opened device is energised may only be carried out by qualified technicians who are aware of the associated risk.
- The device may only be operated by trained technicians whose qualifications enable them to comply with the safety measures necessary during use of the device.
- In the event of any malfunction the device should no longer be used.
- The measuring results do not only depend on correct usage, installation and functioning of the device, but are also influenced by other factors. It is therefore necessary to check the results supplied by the measuring system for plausibility before taking action on the basis of such measuring results.

Environment

As a longstanding manufacturer of sensors Adolf Thies GmbH & Co KG is committed to the
objectives of environmental protection and is therefore willing to take back all supplied products
governed by the provisions of "ElektroG" (German Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act)
and to perform environmentally compatible disposal and recycling. We are prepared to take
back all Thies products concerned free of charge if returned to Thies by our customers
carriage-paid.



 Make sure you retain packaging for storage or transport of products. Should packaging however no longer be required, arrange for recycling as the packaging materials are designed to be recycled.



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1 Models available

Description	Order-No.	Electrical Output	Meas. Range	Operating voltage
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.000	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 05 V set: 8001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	824 V DC
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.040	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 020 mA set: 6001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	1224 V DC
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.041	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 4 20 mA set: 6001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	1224 V DC
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.061	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 010 V set: 6001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	1224 V DC
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.140	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 020 mA set: 8001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	1224 V DC
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.141	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 4 20 mA set: 8001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	1224 V DC
Baro Transmitter	3.1157.10.161	Digital: 1 x RS485 1 x 3001100 Hz	3001100 hPa	524 V DC
		Analogue: 1 x 010 V set: 8001060 hPa	scalable: 3001100 hPa	1224 V DC

2 Application / Construction / Mode of operation

The baro transmitter measures the "ABSOLUTE AIR PRESSURE" of at the location or calculates the "REDUCED AIR PRESSURE" with respectively reduced altitude.

Absolute air pressure: air pressure measured in altitude of barometer.

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Other description of the "absolute air pressure": "QFE", used by ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization)
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Reduced air pressure: calculated air pressure, referring to sea level

```
Other description of the "reduced air pressure": "QNH" used by ICAO
"QFF" for synoptic presentation
```

It is designed for application in the field of environmental protection, where high accuracy, quick responding behaviour, long-term sturdiness and reliability are required.

The instrument is suited for indoor- and outdoor application.

In the baro transmitter a tempered, piezo-ceramic absolute-pressure-sensor is used, that features excellent thermal and mechanical sturdiness.

The electrical connection is carried out via an 8-pole terminal strip, and a special screwed cable gland with linear smoothing function for air pressure.

The following outputs are available:

- 1 x voltage-/ current output (for the "absolute air pressure" **or** for the "reduced air pressure")
- 1 x frequency output (for the "absolute air pressure" or for the " reduced air pressure")
- 1 x serial interface (for the "absolute air pressure" **and** for the "reduced air pressure")
- The frequency output is an open collector output. A pull-up resistance can be connected to the output via a soldered bridge (P3).
- With a station height uneven 0 the reduced air pressure is delivered at the analogue outputs, according to the input of altitude in m.

In order to compare air pressure values, which have been measured at different sites, reasonably with each other, they have to be converted to a mutual reference height.

The calculation is referring to sea level (QNH) acc. to the international altitude formula (DIN ISO2533).

$$p(h) = p_b (1 + \frac{\beta}{T_b} \cdot h)^{-\frac{g_n}{\beta \cdot R}}$$

 P_h = Air pressure on local height

 P_b = Air pressure on sea level

 $\beta = -0065 \text{K/m}$

 $g_n = 9,80665 \text{m/s}^2$

 $R = 287,05287 \text{m}^2/\text{K/s}^2$

 $T_b = 288,15K$

The formula is implemented in the firmware of the baro transmitter. The input of the station height is done via the serial interface by command "SH".

3 Mechanical Mounting

The baro transmitter can be operated in air (non-condensing) and in non-conductive gases.

Attention:

On application in liquids or aggressive gases the instrument can be destructed!

The special screwed cable gland with linear smoothing function for air pressure should indicate downward.

Attention:

At the location of the baro transmitter as well as on application in a housing a pressure <u>compensation to the atmospheric air</u> pressure must be possible.

The housing of the baro transmitter is suited for wall mounting or installation on other plane surfaces. For mounting, please remove the cover. The housing lower part can be mounted by appropriate screws through the now visible and accessible fixing borings (\emptyset 4 mm).

Attention:

The electronics is situated in the cover of the baro transmitter. The instrument has to be opened only in dry ambience. The exposed electronics must not be damaged.

4 Electrical Mounting

8-pole terminal strip			
No.	Description	Function	
1	SHUTDOWN	Shutdown of baro transmitter	
2	SUPPLY	5-24 VDC supply (+)	
3	GND*	Supply, ground (-)	
4	FREQUENCY	Frequency output	
5	AGND*	Analogue signal, ground (-)	
6	V _{OUT} / I _{OUT}	Analogue output	
7	В	RS485 (Data+)	
8	A	RS485 (Data-)	
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0			

Table 1: Pin Assignment of Terminal Strip

The different outputs are usable at the same time. With the analogue output the analogue ground (AGND) has to be applied. For the frequency output AGND or GND is allowable. The baro transmitter is protected against polarity reversal.

5 Operating Mode

The baro transmitter can be used alternatively in two operating modes:

Active mode or shutdown mode.

In the **active mode** the baro transmitter outputs continuously measuring values after connection of power supply.

In the **shutdown mode** the baro transmitter can be turned on and off via an external trigger signal.

0V = Baro transmitter off

5 ... 24V = Baro transmitter on

Remark:

The baro transmitter is delivered with factory-setting "active mode".

The respective operating mode is selected by means of the jumper P1 (see chapter 7).

^{*} The pins AGND and GND are connected to the same electrical potential

6 Settings

The baro transmitter can be configured by means of jumpers and soldered bridges. The following figures show the position of the bridges and the coding table.

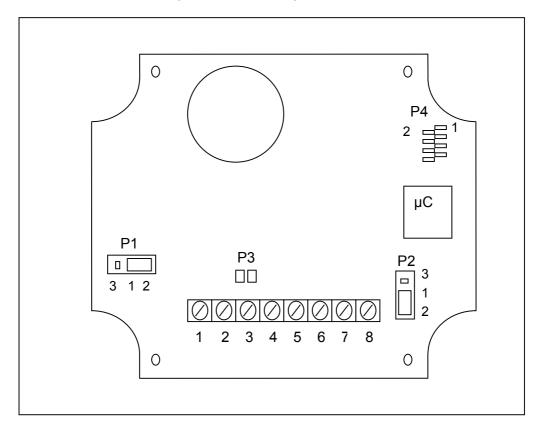


Figure 1: Position Jumper

Jumper / Soldered bridge				
Function	P1	P2	P3	P4 (Pin1/2)
SHUTDOWN Off *	1-2			
SHUTDOWN On	1-3			
RS485 termination off *		1-2		
RS485 termination on (1200hm)		1-3		
Pull-up- resistance inactive *			0	
Pull-up- resistance active (5,6kOhm)**			Х	
No function*				0
RS485 activate interface (see command PS) *				Х

Table 2: Coding jumper / soldered bridge

O: open

X: closed

*: factory-setting

**: resistance at the frequency output (open collector output)

7 Analysis

Mathematical correlation between output variable and air pressure:

Output	Formula
Voltage output: 05V @ 8001060hPa	$p = 800hPa + \frac{260hPa}{5V} \cdot U[V]$
Voltage output: 010V @ 8001060hPa	$p = 800hPa + \frac{260hPa}{10V} \cdot U[V]$
Current output: 020mA @ 8001060hPa	$p = 800hPa + \frac{260hPa}{20mA} \cdot I[mA]$
Current output: 420mA @ 8001060hPa	$p = 800hPa + \frac{260hPa}{16mA} \cdot (I[mA] - 4mA)$
Voltage output: 010V @ 6001060hPa	$p = 600hPa + \frac{460hPa}{10V} \cdot U[V]$
Voltage output: 020mA @ 6001060hPa	$p = 600hPa + \frac{460hPa}{20mA} \cdot I[mA]$
Voltage output: 420mA @ 6001060hPa	$p = 600hPa + \frac{460hPa}{16mA} \cdot (I[mA] - 4mA)$
Frequency output: 3001100Hz @ 3001100hPa	$p = 1 \frac{hPa}{Hz} \cdot f[Hz]$

8 Serial Communication

An RS485 interface is available for serial communication. It can be operated in half duplex mode at different baud rates.

A terminating resistor (120 Ω) can be hardware-connected by the jumper P2 (see chapter **7**).

Software version number and bus-ID are output on starting the baro transmitter. Output with the selected baud rate.

Example: THIES Baro comp. v0.03-30 ID02

Factory-setting: ID = 0, baud rate = 9600, frame = 8N1

Bus operation

Thanks to the concept of the ID-based communication an operation in bus assembly is possible. Prerequisites are as follows:

- Different IDs of the individual bus parties
- Master- Slave structure, i.e. there is one instrument in the bus that queries cyclically the data of the individual instruments.

8.1 Data Telegram

The data output is carried out on query of the command TR.

The detailed construction is given in the following:

Data telegram:

<(STX)><pressure>;<temperature>;<Station height>;<QNH><status>*<check sum><CR><LF><ETX>

Character No.	Function	
1	STX (HEX 02)	
2	10 ³ Air pressure in hPa	
3	10 ² Air pressure in hPa	
4	10 ¹ Air pressure in hPa	
5	10 ⁰ Air pressure in hPa	
6	. Dezimalpunkt (HEX 2E)	
7	10 ⁻¹ Air pressure in hPa	
8	10 ⁻² Air pressure in hPa	
9	Semicolon (HEX 3B)	
10	Sign temperature (,+' or ,-')	
11	10 ¹ Sensor temperature in °C	
12	10 ⁰ Sensor temperature in °C	
13	. Decimal pont (HEX 2E)	
14	10 ⁻¹ Sensor temperature in °C	
15	Semicolon (HEX 3B)	
16	10 ³ Station height in m	
17	10 ² Station height in m	
18	10 ¹ Station height in m	
19	10 ⁰ Station height in m	
20	Semicolon (HEX 3B)	
21	10 ³ Air pressure in hPa calculated to sea level	
22	10 ² Air pressure in hPa calculated to sea level	
23	10 ¹ Air pressure in hPa calculated to sea level	
24	10 ⁰ Air pressure in hPa calculated to sea level	
25	. Dezimalpunkt (HEX 2E)	
26	10 ⁻¹ Air pressure in hPa calculated to sea level	
27	10 ⁻² Air pressure in hPa calculated to sea level	
28	Semicolon (HEX 3B)	
29	High nibble status byte in HEX	
30	Low nibble status byte in HEX	
31	* (HEX 2A) check sum identification	
32	High nibble check sum in HEX	
33	Low nibble check sum in HEX	
34	CR (HEX 0D) Carriage Return	
35	LF (HEX 0A) line feed	
36	ETX (HEX 03)	

Control character:

CR – Carriage Return (13_{dec}; 0x0D)

LF – Line Feed (10_{dec}; 0x0A)

STX – Start of Text (2_{dec}; 0x02)

 $ETX - End of Text (3_{dec}; 0x03)$

Separation character:

Separation character between the individual measuring values in the string is the semicolon ';'. The check sum separation character is the multiplication sign '*'.

Check sum:

The check sum is the XOR relation of all characters between <STX> and the byte <*>.

The star serves as separation character of the check sum, and is not factored any more in the

check sum.

Status:

In the baro transmitter there is a status byte available that outputs information on the status of the sensor.

Bit-Number	Function	Description	
Bit 0	General malfunction	In case the internal pressure sensor is not correctly identified, bit 0 is set. Thus, all measured values of the telegram are invalid.	
Bit 1	Heating control	Is one in case the heating control is active and the temperature is >49°C or <51°C. That way, this bit indicates if the standard deviation of temperature controller is within the range of +-1°C.	
Bit 2	Heating on	Is one when the heating is active	
Bit 3	Excess temperature	ls one if the temperature at the sensor is higher than 60°C.	
Bit 4 Bit 7	Unused	These bits are presently not used and are always 0.	

8.2 General Construction on Sending a Command

The baro transmitter has a command interpreter that can change the behaviour of the instrument. That way, for ex. the baud rate, the instrument ID can be modified: Generally, a command is constructed as follows:

<id><command><CR> or

<id><command><parameter><CR>

id: Baro transmitter – ID. It is always binary and in the range 00... 99

Command: see list of commands

Parameter: A **five-digit** value for setting a new parameter value.

<CR>: Carriage Return (13_{dec}; 0x0D)

In the baro transmitter a verification of the command-syntax is carried out. IF a correct command has been received, this is acknowledged by an "echo telegram".

Example: 00BR00005<CR> transmission command

!00BR00005<CR> Echo telegram

If a command is sent to the instrument without the parameter value, that value is transmitted which was currently set.

Example: 00BR<CR> transmission command

!00BR00005<CR> Echo telegram

In order to avoid an unintentional changing of parameter some commands (see list of commands) are saved by a "key". This "key" has to be transmitted before the actual command.

Example: Changing of Baud Rate

00KY00234<CR> Key-saved command released

00BR00006<CR> Baud rate set to 19200

Attention:

The key-saved commands are released as long as the supply voltage is connected, or the command 00KY00000<CR> is transmitted.

8.3 List of Commands

	Command	Description	KEY
Command AM	<id>AM<para></para></id>	Modus for analogue output	yes
Command AY	<id>AY<para></para></id>	Minimum value of the analogue output	yes
Command AZ	<id>AZ<para></para></id>	Maximum value of the analogue output	yes
Command BR	<id>BR<para></para></id>	Selecting the baud rate	yes
Command DP	<id>DP<para></para></id>	Time for mean value calculation	yes
Command HT	<id>HT<para></para></id>	Mode of heating control	yes
Command ID	<id>ID<para></para></id>	Instrument- ID	yes
Command KY <id>KY<para></para></id>		Set key/pass word	no
Command PP	<id>PP<para></para></id>	Output of calibration value	no
Command PS	<id>PS<para></para></id>	Energy saving mode	yes
Command SH	<id>SH<para></para></id>	Station height	yes
Command TR	<id>TR<para></para></id>	Telegram query	no

8.4 Commands and Description

8.4.1 Command AM

<id>AY<parameter><CR> Is setting the mode for the analogue output

Echo of command !xxAMxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: The mode for the analogue output is stated by the command AM

Parameter description:

Parameter	Description
0	010V
1	05V
2	02,5V
3	020mA
4	420mA

Value range: 0...4

Initial value: 0

8.4.2 Command AY

<id>AY<parameter><CR> Scales the minimum value of the analogue output

Echo of command !xxAYxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: By the command AY the pressure value for the lower analogue output

value is stated.

Value range: 300...1000

Initial value: 600 with 3.1157.10.040/041/061

800 with 3.1157.10.000

8.4.3 Command AZ

<id>AZ<parameter><CR> Scales the maximum value of the analogue output

Echo of command !xxAZxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: By command AZ the pressure value is given for the upper analogue

output value.

Value range: 400...1100

Initial value: 1060

8.4.4 Command BR

<id>BR<parameter><CR> Setting the baud rate

<id>BR<CR> Query of the current BR-parameter

Echo of command !xxBRxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: The required baud rate is set by the BR-command and the parameter

0000x.

Parameter description:

Parameter	Description
00002	1200 baud (8n1)
00003	2400 baud (8n1)
00004	4800 baud (8n1)
00005	9600 baud (8n1)
00006	19200 baud (8n1)
00007	38400 baud (8n1)
80000	57600 baud (8n1)

Value range: 2 to 8

Initial value: 5

8.4.5 Command DP

<id>DP<parameter><CR> mean value time

<id>DP<CR> Query of the current DP-Parameter

Echo of command !xxDPxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: By command "DP" is set the time for the gliding mean value

calculation of the pressure value.

Parameter description: 0: 1 second

2 seconds
 4 seconds
 8 seconds

4: 16 seconds

Value range: 0...4

Initial value: 4

8.4.6 Command HT

<id>HT<parameter><CR> Mode of the heating control

<id>HT<CR> Query of the current HT-parameter

Echo of command !xxHTxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: The command "HT" is setting the mode of the heating control.

Adjusting of sensor temperature to 50°C.

Parameter description: 0: heating off

1: heating on

Value range: 0...1

Initial value: 1

8.4.7 Command ID

<id>ID<parameter><CR> Setting the identification number</id>ID<CR> Query of current ID-parameter

Echo of command !xxIDxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: This command is setting the identification number. The ,id' is used in

every telegram of the measurement transducer. After the ,id' has been changed the instrument replies immediately with the new ,id'.

Value range: 0 to 99

Initial value: 0

8.4.8 Command KY

<id>KY<parameter><CR> Key

Echo of command !xxKYxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: The value for the key (password) is set by the command "KY". A

change of parameters is possible only when this value is set to "234".

Value range: 0 / 234

Initial value: 0

8.4.9 Command PP

<id>PP<CR> Query of the current calibration parameters

Echo of command ---

Access: read

Description: The calibration parameters of the pressure sensor are output by the

command "PP".

< MD= 02400;

Response telegram: < AC1=10459; // Parameter AC1

< AC2=64447; // Parameter AC2 < AC3=51002; // Parameter AC3 // Parameter AC4 < AC4=32770; < AC5=26335; // Parameter AC5 // Parameter AC6 < AC6=23458; < B1= 06348; // Parameter B1 < B2= 00059; // Parameter B2 < MB= 32768; // Parameter MB < MC= 54561; // Parameter MC

// Parameter MD

Value range: --

Initial value: --

8.4.10 Command PS

<id>PS<parameter><CR> Power Save

<id>PS<CR> Query of the current PS parameter

Echo of command !xxPSxxxxx<CR>

Access: read / write

Description: Energy saving mode is set by the command "PS".

In case a mode is set without active RS 485 interface the following

output is given when starting the baro transmitter:

THIES Baro komp.

v0.03-30 ID02 ESC RS485off

After the output of "ESC" the user has to reactivate the interface within approx. 0,5 s by sending the ESCAPE character. The activation of the

interface is signalized by the output of "RS485on".

Parameter description: 0: all outputs active

1: only RS485 active

2: only analogue output active

3: only frequency output active

4: only analogue- and frequency output active

5: only RS485 and analogue output active

6: only RS485 and frequency output active

7: only RS485 Receiver active (start-up via receipt of a sign)

8: all deactivated (start-up only via power-on-reset)

PS - mode	Power consumption @ 5V	Power consumption @ 12V	Power consumption @ 24V
	(in mA)	(in mA)	(in mA)
0	4.0	4.1	4.7
1	2.1	2.3	2.8
2	3.0	3.1	3.9
3	2.1	2.2	2.7
4	3.4	3.6	4.2
5	3.1	3.2	3.8
6	2.5	2.6	3.2
7	0.5	0.6	1.1
8	0.2	0.2	0.7
Shutdown=0	1μA	1µA	1μΑ

Value range: 0...8

Initial value: 0

Remark:

If the selected mode is without RS485 interface, the user cannot communicate with the baro transmitter. In order to activate the interface in this condition there are two ways:

- 1) During the start activity (Power-On-Reset) the solder bridge P4must be closed (see **Figure 1** and **Table 2**).
- 2) During the start activity the ESCAPE character must be sent (see description command PS).

8.4.11 Command SH

<id>SH<Hoehe><CR> Station height

Command echo --

Access: read / write

Description: The command is used to set the station height at the site of the baro

transmitter.

Parameter description: Height above sea level (NHN) in meters

Value range: 0...3000

Initial value: 0

• With a station height uneven 0 the reduced air pressure is delivered at the analogue outputs, according to the input of altitude in m.

8.4.12 Command TR

<id>TR<00001><CR> Query of measuring value

Echo of command ---

Access: read

Description: The command triggers a single transmission of the current measuring

value.

Response telegram:

sum><CR><LF><ETX>

<(STX)><pressure>;<temperature>;<station height>;<QNH><status>*<check

Value range: 1

Initial value: --

9 Maintenance

With proper mounting the instrument operates maintenance-free.

The measuring results are effective at the moment of factory-calibration. The user is responsible for repeat of calibration and determination of the date.

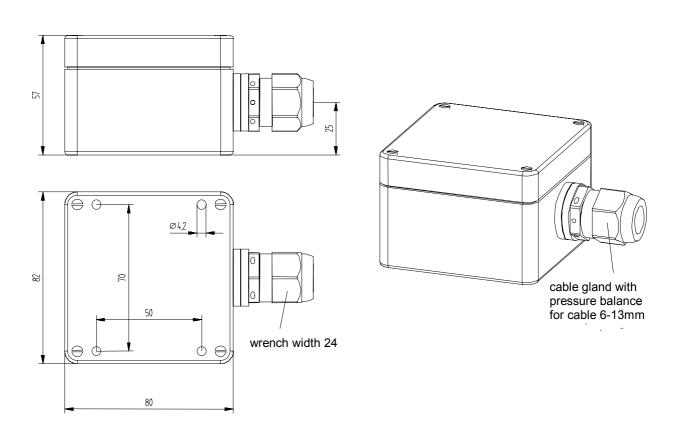
For the storing of the baro transmitter a dry, dust-free room with temperatures between -30...+70° is required. We recommend to store the instrument in a paperboard.

10 Technical Data

Pressure sensor		
	Туре	Piezo resistive
Barometr. Air pressure	Measuring range	3001100 hPa
	Resolution	0.01 hPa
	Accuracy with sensor heating @ -40+65°C	± 0.25 hPa
	Accuracy w/o sensor heating @ -20+65°C	Typical ± 1 hPa
	Long-term stability	± 0.1 hPa / year
Pressure sensor heating	Control temperature	50°C ±1°K
Serial Interface		
	Туре	RS485
	Mode of operation	Half-duplex mode
	Data format	8N1
	Baud rate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 , 19200, 38400, 57600 115200
Frequency output		
	Measuring range	3001100 hPa
	Frequency	300 1100 Hz
Definition	Open collector, sink	$U_{\text{max}} \le 30 \text{ V}, I_{\text{max}} \le 20 \text{mA}$
	Pull-up-resistance active	$U_{low} = 0V$, $U_{high} = 3V$
Analogue output		
	Measuring range scalable	3001100 hPa
	, ,	8001060 hPa ± 0.25 hPa with Sensor heating ± 1.10 hPa without Sensor heating
	3.1157.10.040/041/061: factory-setting Accuracy	6001060 hPa ± 0.35 hPa with Sensor heating ± 1.10 hPa without Sensor heating
Voltage	Output (3.1157.10.000)	05V @ U _B ≥ 8V DC
	Output (3.1157.10.061/161)	010V @ U _B ≥ 12V DC
	R (load)	>50kΩ (output 0 10V), >10kΩ (output 0 5V)
Current	Output (3.1157.10.040/140)	020 mA
	Output (3.1157.10.041/141)	420 mA
	$R_L(load)$	$\leq 350\Omega$ @ U _B ≥ 12V DC $\leq 500\Omega$ @ U _B ≥ 15V DC
General		
Operating voltage	On using digital outputs	(8)1224 VDC 524 VDC
	Power consumption	4.1mA (max. 115mA with heating)

	at @ 12 V DC	2.3mA (only RS485 active) 3.1mA (only analogue output active) 2.2mA (only frequency output active) 3.6mA (only analogue- and frequency- output active) 3.2mA (only RS485 and analogue-output active) 2.6mA (only RS485 and frequency output active) 0.6mA (only RS485 Receiver active) 1µA (in shutdown mode)
External Control	Shutdown mode	0 V = Baro transmitter off 5 24 V = Baro transmitter on
Gliding mean value		1, 2, 4, 8, 16 sec
Settling time	without Heating	20s
	with Heating	200s
Ambient conditions	Temperature range	-40 +65 °C
	Humidity range	Non-condensing
Housing	Material	Polycarbonat
	Dimensions	Siehe Maßbild
	Weight	Ca. 015 Kg
	Protection	IP65
	Connection	Screwed cable gland and 8-pole terminal strip

11 Dimensional Drawing [in mm]



12 EC-Declaration of Conformity

Document-No.: 000113 Month: 07 Year: 11

Manufacturer: ADOLF THIES GmbH & Co. KG

Hauptstr. 76 D-37083 Göttingen Tel.: (0551) 79001-0 Fax: (0551) 79001-65 email: Info@ThiesClima.com

Description of Product: Digital Baro Transmitter

Article No. 3.1157.10.000 3.1157.10.041 3.1157.10.061

3.1157.10.140 3.1157.10.141 3.1157.10.161

specified technical data in the document: 021577/07/11

The indicated products correspond to the essential requirement of the following European Directives and Regulations:

2004/108/EC DIRECTIVE 2004/108/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to

electromagnetic compatibility and repealing Directive 89/336/EEC

2006/95/EC DIRECTIVE 2006/95/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

of 12 December 2006 on the harmonisation of the laws of Member States relating to electrical

equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits

552/2004/EC Regulation (EC) No 552/2004 of the European Parliament and the Council of 10 March 2004

on the interoperability of the European Air Traffic Management network

(the interoperability Regulation)

The indicated products comply with the regulations of the directives. This is proved by the compliance with the following standards:

Reference number Specification

IEC 61000-6-2: 2005 Electromagnetic compatibility

Immunity for industrial environment

IEC 61000-6-3: 2006 Electromagnetic compatibility

Emission standard for residential, commercial and light industrial environments

IEC 61010-1: 2010 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and

laboratory use. Part 1: General requirements

Place: Göttingen Date: 07.06.2011

Legally binding signature: issuer:

Wolfgang Behrens, General Manager Joachim Beinhorn, Development Manager

This declaration certificates the compliance with the mentioned directives, however does not include any warranty of characteristics. Please pay attention to the security advises of the provided instructions for use.



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